## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- (Currently Amended) An architecture for confirming the identity of a message sender on a remote services system, comprising:
  - a communications module operable to transmit a message, wherein said message comprise both forward and back channel messages:
  - a cryptographic module in said communication module for signing said

    message and for providing encryption of a data stream in said

    message when transmission of said message is not via -said

    cryptographic module comprising-secure socket[[s]] layer encryption;
  - a mid-level manager operating in said remote services system in conjunction with said communications module for controlling the flow of messages in said remote services system between a customer proxy and an applications server and for verifying the identity of a sender by comparing first and second data identities in said data stream, wherein said first data identity comprises data in a network software layer, said second data identity comprises data in an application software layer.
  - (Canceled)
  - 3. (Canceled)
  - 4. (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The architecture according to claim 1, wherein said mid-level manager is a customer mid-level manager.

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- 6. (Previously Presented) The architecture according to claim 1, wherein said mid-level manager is an aggregation mid-level manager.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The architecture according to claim 1, wherein transmission of said message is conditioned on HTTP.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The architecture according to claim 1, wherein transmission of said message is conditioned on email protocol.
- (Currently Amended) A method of confirming the identity of a message sender on a remote services system, comprising:
  - obtaining a first identity related to a message, said first identity being obtained from a network software layer in said remote services system wherein said first identity is extracted from a secure socket layer transmission or a digital signature of said message;
  - subsequent to obtaining the first identity, obtaining a second identity related to the sender of [[a]]said message[[s]], said second identity being obtained from an application software layer in said remote services system; and
  - comparing at a mid-level manager, wherein said mid-level manager operates in said remote services system in conjunction with a communications module for controlling the flow of messages in said remote services system between a customer proxy and an applications server and in conjunction with an intermediate mid-level manager that provides data queue management, transaction integrity and redundancy, said first identity with said second identity to verify the identity of the sender of said message.

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## 10. (Canceled)

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- (previously presented) The method according to claim 9, further comprising encrypting said message and said identities in an encryption module in said remote services system.
- (Original) The method according to claim 11, said encryption of said data and said identities being performed in accordance with secure socket layer protocol.
- (Original) The method according to claim 12, said message being transmitted in said system using HTTP protocol.
- (Original) The method according to claim 12, said message being transmitted in said system using email protocol.
- (Currently amended) A method of confirming the identity of a message sender on a remote services system, comprising:
  - transmitting a message using a communications module of said remote services system;
  - encrypting a data stream in said message using an encryption module in said communications module, said encryption module comprising secure sockets layer encryption[[: and]];
  - determining whether said message is transmitted using secure socket layer encryption;
  - responsive to secure socket layer encryption being used, extracting a first identity:
  - responsive to the absence of use of secure socket layer encryption,

    extracting the first identity by decrypting and verifying a signature of
    the message sender:

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controlling the flow of said message between a customer proxy and an applications server in said remote services system using a mid-level manager, said mid-level manager verifying the identity of a sender by comparing first and second data identities in said data stream, wherein said first identity comprises encrypted data in a network software layer of said remote services system, said second identity comprises encrypted data in an application software layer of said remote services system.

- 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Canceled)
- 18. (Canceled)
- (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein said mid-level manager is a customer mid-level manager.
  - 20. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein said mid-level manager is an aggregation mid-level manager.
  - 21. (Previously presented) The architecture according to claim 1, wherein said mid-level manager operates in conjunction with an intermediate mid-level manager that provides data queue management, transaction integrity and redundancy.
  - (Previously presented) The method according to claim 15, wherein said mid-level manager operates in conjunction with an intermediate mid-level manager that provides data queue management, transaction integrity and redundancy.

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